

Usando Adjetivos

(Using Adjectives)

verde

green

grande

big

bello

beautiful

simple

simple

delicioso

delicious

General Rule:

In Spanish adjectives go after the noun when describing them.

Examples: El libro verde está sobre la mesa. (The green book is over the table.)
¡El perro caliente está delicioso! (The hot dog is delicious!.)

Exceptions:

1. Adjectives that describe essential qualities of a noun:

Example:

¡Ese bello atardecer fué único! (That beautiful sunset was unique.)

2. Adjectives that describe the amount of a noun:

Example:

¡Estas pocas manzanas son mías! (These few apples are mine.)

Other adjectives can be: ninguno (none), mucho (much, a lot), suficiente (enough), varios(various) , alguno (some), etc.

3. Adjectives that change a noun:

Example:

Este complejo mapa es muy difícil de entender. (This complex map is hard to understand.)

Other adjectives can be: solo (only), simple (simple), nuevo (new), different (different), gran (grand), etc.

