



K-3

Aprendamos sobre España

Let's learn about
Spain

By: Maria G. Acuña



GEOGRAFÍA DE ESPAÑA

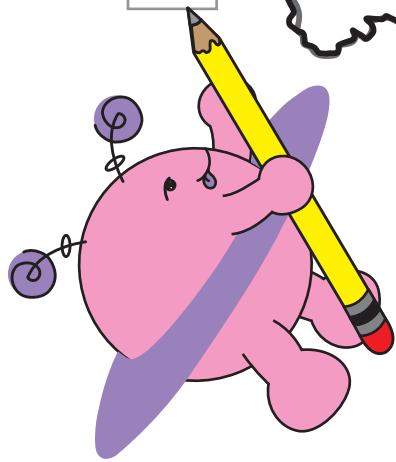


GEOGRAFÍA DE

NOMBRE:

FRANCIA

DANCE



A map of the Iberian Peninsula with several large green 'PREVIEW' text overlays. The map shows the coastline and major rivers: Río Ebro, Río Duero, Río Tajo, and Río Guadiana. It also highlights the Sistema Central mountain range and the Montes de Toledo. The text 'PREVIEW' is positioned diagonally across the map in large green letters. A small pencil icon is visible in the bottom left corner. The map is oriented with a north arrow in the top right corner.

A map of the Iberian Peninsula showing the location of the Sierra Morena mountain range. The map highlights the Sierra Morena with a star and includes labels for the Rio Duero, Rio Tajo, and Rio Guadiana. A large green 'VIEW' watermark is overlaid on the map.

A cartoon illustration of a pink, round character with purple hair and a purple bow tie, holding a large yellow pencil. The character is positioned on the left side of the image. To the right of the character, the word "OCÉANO ATLÁNTICO" is written vertically. Above the word, large green letters spell out "PERGAMINAS". To the right of the text, there is a map of the Atlantic Ocean showing the coastlines of the Americas and the location of the Azores. A grey arrow points from the text area towards the map.



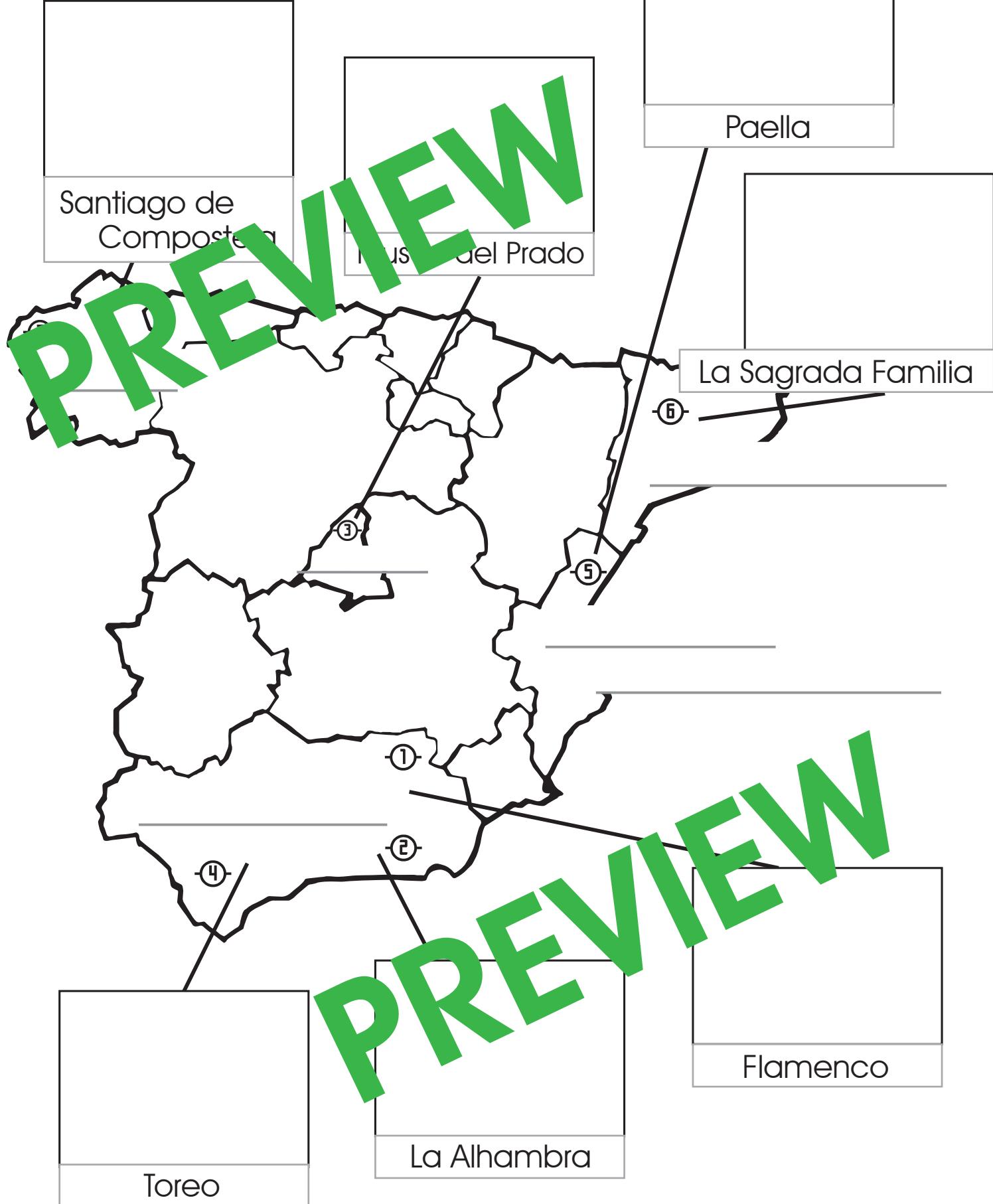
Alphabet Space

ALGERIA

MAPA JECOS



Spain is famous for...



Material needed for Pg. 8

Photo Reference Page for Spain is famous for....



La Historia de España 1

The History of Spain Part 1



36,000 BCE

Humans are believed to have entered the Iberian Peninsula about 500,000 to 1 million years ago. Paintings from 36,000 years ago have been found in a cave in Altamira in the north of Spain.



218 BCE

Romans landed in the Iberian peninsula in 218 BCE. They built roads, towns, and even aqueducts like the one in this photo in Segovia. Through their language, Latin they gave Spain its name "Hispania" and the Spanish language (Castellano).



3,000 BCE

About 3,000 BCE the Iberians settled and farmed in the Iberian Peninsula. One of their beautiful creations was discovered in 1897. It is called "La Dama de Elche" or The Lady of Elche.



711 CE

Muslim forces led by Tariq Ibn Ziyad conquer parts of Spain, establishing the "Al-Andalus" kingdom. They create many prosperous cities where Christians, Jews, and Muslims coexist, fostering knowledge exchange. This is probably the most beautiful palace they built in Spain: "La Alhambra" in Granada.

To be continued...

La Cueva de Altamira

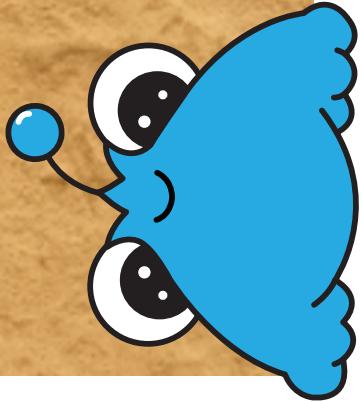
Draw and color this bison from Altamira's Cave.



Nombre: _____

PREVIEW

PREVIEW



PREVIEW

This book has two other parts of the history of Spain until current times!

PREVIEW

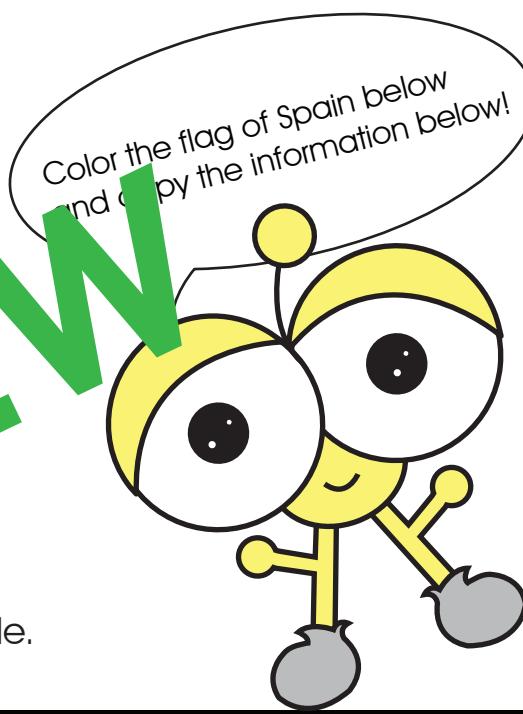
The Flag of Spain

Name: _____



PREVIEW

The flag of Spain is yellow and red.
It has the coat of arms of Spain on the left side.



Cultura de España: Artistas Visuales

Spain's Culture: Visual Artists

There are many famous artists from Spain. These are the most famous world wide.

Golden Age Painters:

El Greco (1541-1614): A Greek-born painter who settled in Spain. El Greco's elongated figures and dramatic lighting created a unique, mystical style. His "View of Toledo" captures the city's essence with expressive brushwork.

Diego Velázquez (1599-1660): A master of portrait and court painter to King Philip IV, Velázquez redefined portraiture with rare detail and psychological depth. His masterpiece, "Las Meninas," remains a marvel of composition and illusionism.

Francisco de Goya (1746-1828): Spanning the Enlightenment and Romanticism, Goya's work tackled social and political issues with powerful imagery. His "Los Caprichos" series satirized Spanish society, while "The Disasters of War" depicted the horrors of the Napoleonic Wars.

Modern Masters:

Pablo Picasso (1881-1973): Arguably the most influential artist of the 20th century, Picasso co-founded Cubism and explored countless styles throughout his career. "Guernica," his anti-war masterpiece, remains a powerful symbol.

Salvador Dalí (1904-1989): A leading figure in Surrealism, Dalí's dreamlike, often creepy imagery explored the subconscious and human desire. His melting clocks in "The Persistence of Memory" from 1931 are an iconic example.

Joan Miró (1893-1983): Influenced by Surrealism and folk art, Miró's playful, dreamlike paintings and sculptures celebrated imagination and spontaneity. He really loved the circle and this shape is in many of his paintings like "Femme, Oiseau, Cétoine."

María Blanchard (1881-1932): A painter, actress, and poet, Blanchard was associated with the Cubist and School of Paris movements. She explored themes of solitude, melancholy, and the female experience in her art. (Woman, Bird, Star) from 1966-1973.



Mi Pintura imitando a...

Choose a Spanish painter and try to copy their style below.



PREVIEW

Let's learn about Spain!

¡Hola! Are you ready for a trip you will never forget? ¡Vamos a España! Yes! Spain! I'm Urix a Space Friend and I will take you to Spain! Come with me and My Space Friends© and we will learn many things about Spain. We will study its rich history and some geographical aspects like its neighbors and regions. We will also enjoy its culture with its great artistic legacy, cuisine and the very unique traditions of its people.

Gabyx

Xinia



Xagi



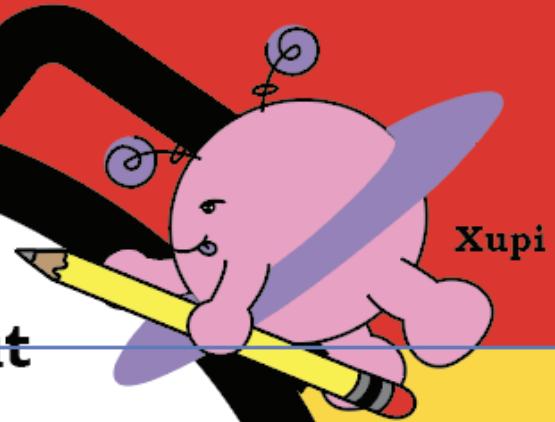
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Xupi



Xinia



Jorwyx

Lesson Plans (Pg 2-8)

Pg.	Activity	Materials & Links
2	<p>Fill in your Passport information.</p> <p>Explain to students the use of first names and last names in Spanish speaking countries and help students fill in their information.</p>	<p>Book on Pg. 2</p> <p>Whiteboard to show how to write dates.</p>
3 & 4	<p>Go over location of Spain</p> <p>Read text on Pg. 3. Show them Spain in maps. Have them label and color the map on Pg. 4 using the map on Pg. 3 as reference.</p>	<p>Book on Pg. 3 & 4</p> <p>Link about location: https://alphabetspace.com/xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</p>
5 & 6	<p>Read about the geography of Spain. Then have students label and color the map on Pg. 6. Students can use the map on Pg. 5 as a reference.</p>	<p>Book on Pg. 5 & 6</p> <p>Link about geography: https://alphabetspace.com/xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</p>
7 & 8	<p>Talk about the autonomous communities of Spain (States). Use Slides presentation.</p> <p>Students label and cut the photos and place them where they go according to the number. (The photos are after these lesson plans.)</p>	<p>Book on Pg. 7 & 8</p> <p>Link about autonomous communities: https://alphabetspace.com/xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</p>